

B&NES Health Protection Board's 2017/18 Annual Report to the Health and Wellbeing Board

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What is Health Protection?

Protecting the health of the population by improving the prevention and control of infectious diseases and other environmental threats. It includes:

- infectious diseases
- chemicals, poisons and radiation
- emergency response
- environmental health hazards

Which specialist areas does the Health Protection Board cover?

Healthcare Associated Infection (HCAI)

Key Performance Indicators:
MRSA, *C.difficile* & *E.coli*
bacteraemia

Communicable Disease Control & Environmental Hazards

Key Performance Indicators:
Private Water Supplies & Air
Quality Management Areas

Health Emergency Planning

Key Performance Indicators:
Civil Contingencies Act
requirements

Sexual Health

Key Performance Indicators:
HIV & under 18 conceptions

Substance Misuse

Key Performance Indicators:
Hep B vaccination, Hep C
testing, Opiates & Non-Opiates
& Alcohol

Screening & Immunisation

Key Performance Indicators:
National screening
programmes & uptake of
universal immunisation
programmes

Progress on 2016-17 priorities that were implemented in 2017-18

No.	Priority	Progress
1	Assurance: continue to monitor the performance of specialist areas, identify risks, ensure mitigation is in place and escalate as necessary	Green
2	Support activities to slow the development and spread of antimicrobial resistance	Green
3	Continue to ensure that the public are informed about emerging threats to health	Green
4	Support the review, development and implementation of all Air Quality Action Plans	Green
5	Continue to reduce health inequalities in screening and immunisation programmes	Amber
6	Improve the uptake of flu vaccinations in at risk groups, pregnant women, health and social care workers, and carers; and pneumococcal vaccination amongst under 65s at risk and over 65 year olds	Amber

Priorities that were RAG rated **GREEN** in 2017-18

1. Assurance: continue to monitor the performance of specialist areas, identify risks, ensure mitigation is in place and escalate as necessary
2. Support activities to slow the development and spread of antimicrobial resistance
3. Continue to ensure that the public are informed about emerging threats to health
4. Support the review, development and implementation of all Air Quality Action Plans

Continue to ensure that the public are informed about emerging threats to health



Spots in the mouth: the NHS website, 2018.



Measles rash: the NHS website, 2018.

SomersetLive NEWS ▾ IN YOUR AREA ▾ BATH LIVE WHAT'S ON ▾ SPORT ▾ BATH RUGBY MORE ▾

S News Somerset News Bath

Bath man reveals devastating impact of measles with cases in the West Country on the rise

Public Health England is urging people to get the MMR vaccine

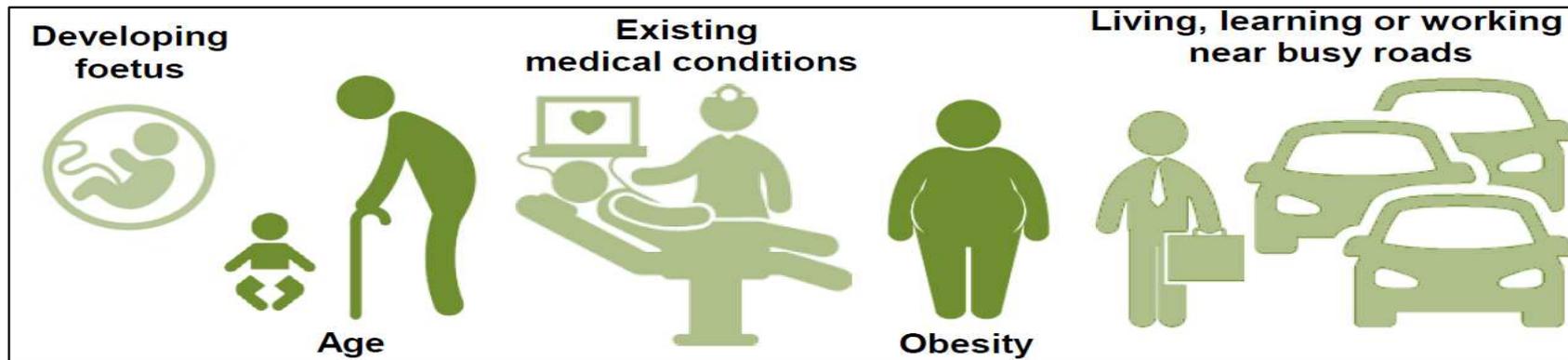
SHARE 266 SHARES 1 COMMENT By James Brinsford 06:00, 28 APR 2018 **NEWS**

Public Health England (PHE) has said that it's never too late to get the MMR vaccine after it was revealed that there has been a rise in cases of measles in the West Country.

There was a warning earlier in the week as contracting measles later in life could lead to a life threatening illness.

People in the south west have been urged to check that they have had two doses of the MMR vaccine after PHE shared the plight of 36-year-old Bath resident, Robert Bliss, and the devastating impact that measles has had on him.

Support the review of the Bath Air Quality Action Plan and support the implementation of the actions in the Saltford & Keynsham Air Quality Actions Plans



Air pollution can be harmful to everyone; however there are some factors which make some people more vulnerable.



Left: St Andrews C of E
Primary School Walking
Bus on 25 January 2018

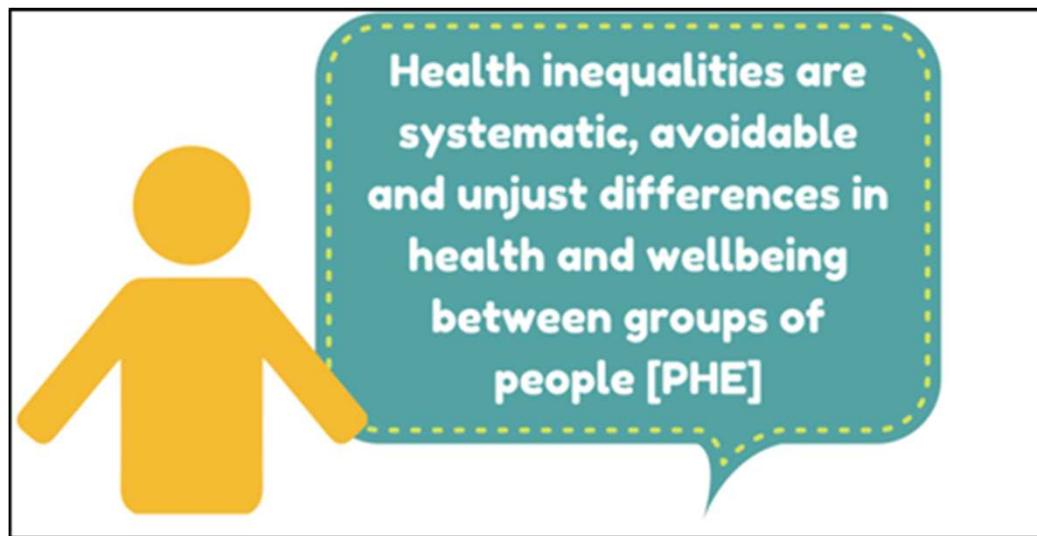


Above - A few of the children's posters

Priorities that were RAG rated **AMBER** in 2017-18

- Continue to reduce health inequalities in screening and immunisation programmes
- Improve the uptake of flu vaccinations in at risk groups, pregnant women, health and social care workers, and carers; and pneumococcal vaccination amongst under 65s at risk and over 65 year olds

Continue to reduce health inequalities in screening and immunisation programmes



12-month pilot for reducing inequalities in screening and immunisations across B&NES.

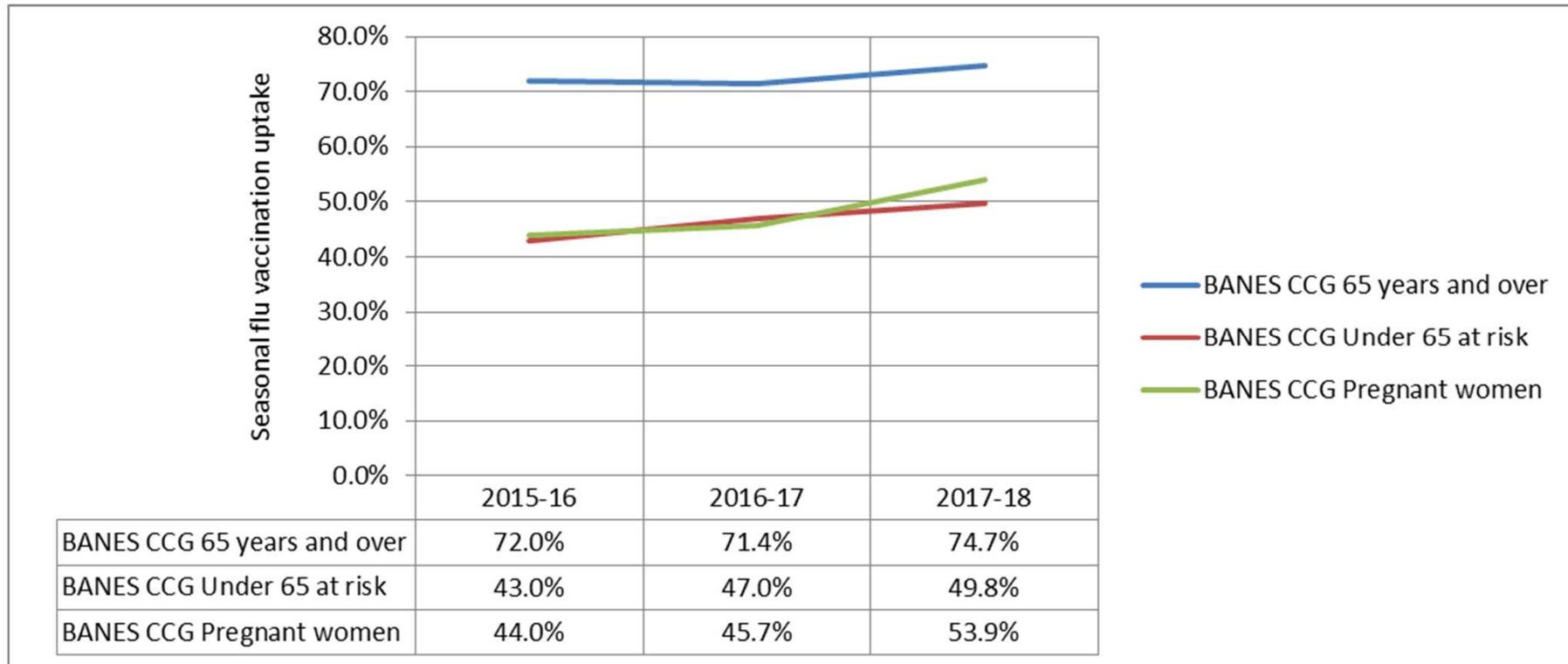
Objectives of the pilot:

- Use focus groups to identify barriers and facilitators to access and completion of cervical screening for younger women.
- Feasibility study looking at two interventions to improve uptake/reduce inequalities in cervical and bowel screening amongst people who have not participated in 2 rounds of screening.
- Identify and share best practice from general practice on the delivery of childhood immunisations.
- Develop a multi-disciplinary pilot with an early years' provider (and GP practice) to explore innovative ways to promote vaccination uptake in Twerton
- Increasing screening and childhood immunisation uptake in the Gypsy, Traveller and Boater community.

Improve the uptake of flu vaccinations in at risk groups, pregnant women, health and social care workers, and carers; and pneumococcal vaccination amongst under 65s at risk and over 65 year olds

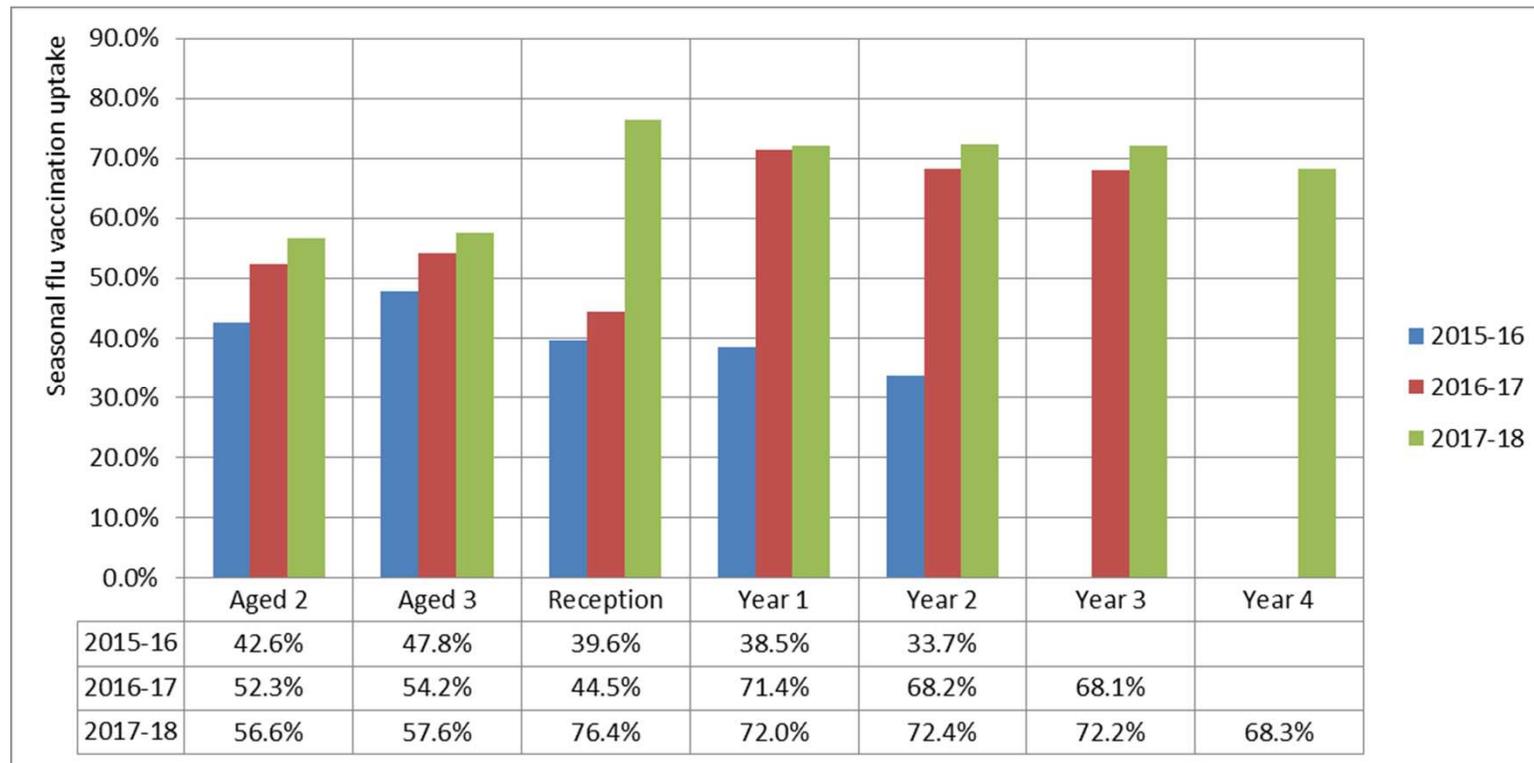


Uptake of seasonal flu vaccination, adult programme - BANES CCG



Source: ImmForm

Uptake of seasonal flu vaccination, childhood programme – BANES CCG



Source: ImmForm

Uptake of seasonal flu vaccination of Health Care Workers by provider

Provider Organisation	Uptake (%) 2017-18
B&NES Enhanced Medical Services (BEMS)	100%
BMI Bath	76.4%
Circle Bath	73.0%
Royal United Hospitals Bath NHS Foundation Trust	71.6%
Care UK	61.3%
Avon and Wiltshire Mental Health Partnership NHS Trust (AWP)	60.7%
Virgin Care Services	29.7%

The following 6 priorities have been identified for 2018-19

- Assurance: continue to monitor performance of specialist areas, identify risks, ensure mitigation is in place and escalate as necessary.
- Continue to actively participate in the management of outbreaks and incidents with partner agencies to slow down and prevent the spread of communicable disease and manage environmental hazards.

- Continue to ensure that the public are informed about emerging threats to health.
- Support the development and implementation of all the Air Quality Action Plans.
- Improve the uptake of flu vaccinations in at risk groups, pregnant women, health and social care workers, and carers.
- Continue to reduce health inequalities in screening and immunisation programmes.